CLAIMS:

- 1. A method for automatically determining a foreground color for a digital image, comprising:
- (a) automatically dividing the colors of the pixels of at least a part of the digital image into a number of color clusters in a color space; and
- (b) for at least one color cluster, automatically selecting a color being related to the at least one color cluster according to predetermined criteria.
- 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein said selecting at (b) further comprises:

selecting a harmonious color set with respect to the color clusters; and testing the harmonious color set for legibility.

3. The method according to claim 2, wherein said testing the harmonious color set for legibility further comprises:

computing local measures of contrast between background and foreground in a neighborhood of a predetermined foreground region; and

computing a legibility score representative of a lowest few contrast values observed over the predetermined foreground region.

4. The method according to claim 2, wherein a color is selected according to a legibility criterion for a predetermined foreground region by:

computing local measures of contrast between background and foreground in a neighborhood for a predetermined foreground region; and

computing a legibility score representative of a lowest few contrast values observed over the predetermined foreground region.

- 5. The method according to claim 1, wherein said dividing at (a) comprises converting the image data to a predetermined color format.
- 6. The method according to claim 1, wherein said dividing at (a) comprises using an Expectation-Maximization clustering.
- 7. The method according to claim 1, wherein said dividing at (a) comprises determining the number of clusters using a model selection method one of

a Bayesian Information Criterion and a Universal Model-based Minimum Description Length Principle.

- 8. The method according to claim 1, further comprising automatically segmenting the part of the digital image into regions according to the color clusters before said selecting at (b).
- 9. The method according to claim 8, wherein the segmenting comprises using one of a normalized cut criterion and an energy-minimization method.
- 10. The method according to claim 1, wherein said selecting at (b) further comprises:

grouping the color clusters into interference clusters comprising a pixel in a selected region of the image and benign clusters comprising no pixel in the selected region; and

selecting a color being related to all interference clusters according to predetermined criteria.

- 11. The method according to claim 1, wherein a color is selected according to a legibility criterion for a predetermined foreground region.
- 12. The method according to claim 11, wherein a color is selected based on a likelihood ratio of the hypothesis that the digital image contains the foreground region and the hypothesis that the digital image does not contain the foreground region.
- 13. The method according claim 12, wherein selecting a color comprises computing the legibility of $\min_{x \in T} \max_{y \in C_{\epsilon}^2} r(x+y)$, wherein $r(x) = h \log \frac{\Pr(I(x)|T)}{\Pr(I(x)|B)}$, C_{ϵ}^2 is a disc of radius ϵ and wherein $\Pr(I(x)|T)$ denotes heuristic or other models of likelihoods that the image I contains text T at a given pixel x and $\Pr(I(x)|B)$ denotes heuristic or other models of likelihoods that the image I contains background B at the given pixel x.
- 14. The method according to claim 1, wherein a color is selected according to a color harmony criterion.

- 15. The method according to claim 14, wherein a color is selected according to at least one of a monotonic, a complementary, and a p-adic color harmony criterion in HSL space.
- 16. The method according to claim 14, wherein a color is selected according to a color harmony criterion with respect to at least one interference cluster.
- 17. The method according to claim 14, wherein a color is selected according to a color harmony criterion with respect to at least one benign cluster.
- 18. The method according to claim 14, wherein a color is selected according to a color harmony criterion with respect to at least one interference cluster and at least one benign cluster.
- 19. The method according to claim 1, wherein said selecting at (b) comprises determining a color subset according to a color harmony criterion and maximizing a legibility function in the color subset.
- 20. The method according to claim 1, wherein a color c is selected for which $\sum_{i=1}^{M} \alpha_i l(c, P_i) + \sum_{k=1}^{N} \gamma_k h(c, K_k)$ is maximal, wherein P_i denote the interference clusters, K_k denote all clusters, both benign and interference, l is a legibility function in color space, h is a color harmony function, and α_i and γ_k are weighting factors.
- 21. The method according to claim 1, further comprising one of displaying and storing a predetermined object using the selected color together with the digital image.
- 22. A system for automatically determining a foreground color for a digital image, comprising:

a color clustering module configured to automatically divide the colors of the pixels of at least a part of the digital image into a number of color clusters in a color space; and

a color selection module configured to automatically select, for at least one color cluster, a color being related to the at least one color cluster according to predetermined criteria.

- 23. The system according to claim 22, further comprising a color segmentation module configured to automatically segment the part of the digital image into regions according to the color clusters.
- 24. A method for determining legibility of an image having an identified foreground and background, comprising:

computing local measures of contrast between background and foreground in a neighborhood for a predetermined foreground region of the image; and

computing a legibility score representative of a lowest few contrast values observed over the predetermined foreground region.

25. The method according to claim 24, wherein the lowest few contrast values observed over the predetermined foreground region is a minimum of all local measures taken over the predetermined foreground region.